

Protect your children! Without regularly scheduled prevention visits and vaccines your child could be at great risk for developing certain diseases.

Call your family doctor today.

Interested in free or low-cost health insurance?
Call toll-free
1-877-982-2447

Prevention Timelines For Children*1

		Prevention Timennes For Children																	
Tests and Examaintations	Birth	1 Yr	2 Yrs	3 Yrs	4 Yrs	5 Yrs	6 Yrs	7 Yrs	8 Yrs	9 Yrs	10 Yrs	11 Yrs	12 Yrs	13 Yrs	14 Yrs	15 Yrs	16 Yrs	17 Yrs	18 Yrs
Well Baby Visit *2	•																		
Physical Check-Up	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Head Size	•	•																	
Height & Weight	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Blood Pressure				•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
Anemia	•		•						•										•
Lead		•	•																
Urinalysis									•								•		
Tuberculosis		•			•										•				
Hearing	•				•	•	•						•						•
Vision	•			•	•	•	•		•				•		•				•
Dental		•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	*	•	•	•	•	•	*	•	•	•
1st Pelvic Exam *3																			•

^{*1)} Please note that children with special risk factors may need more frequent and additional types of preventive care.

^{*2)} Well baby visits are recommended at 2-4 weeks and at 2,3,4,6,9,12,15 and 18 months.

^{*3)} Many doctors recommend that a teenage girl have her first gynecologic exam by the time she turns 18, or sooner if there is concern such as pain; signs of infection, worries about development; or if the teenager has become sexually active.

Materials were adapted from KidSource's online Child Preventive Care Timeline at www.kidsource.com

Recommended Childhood Immunization Schedule

Vaccine	Birth	1 month	2 months	4 months	6 months	12 months	15 months	18 months	24 months	4 - 6 years	11 - 12 years	13 - 18 years	
Hep B Hepatitis B (a serious liver disease)	1st dose	1	2nd dose - 4 months	s			dose nonths		All children 0 through 18 years of age need 3 doses of the Hepatitis B Vaccine Start now, if your child hasn't received all 3 doses.				
DTaP Diptheria, Tetanus (lockjaw), Pertussis (whooping cough)			1st dose	2nd dose		X		dose months	10	5th dose	Td is give 11- 12 if years hav since t dose of D	atleast 5 e passed he last	
HiB Haemonphilus influenza tybe B (flu-like symptoms)	0	30	1st dose	2nd dose	3rd dose	12	4th dose 2 - 18 mont	hs		g.			
IPV Polio	Z.C	A	1st dose	2nd dose			dose months		Aij				
PCV7 Pneumococcal conjugate		1st dose 2nd dose 3rd dose 4th dose Talk to your doct								cinated			
MMR Measles, Mumps, Rubella (german measles)	M			補			dose months		MMR #2 is given at 4-6 years of age. If dose #2 is not given at 4-6 years of age. It should be given at next visit.				
Chickenpox (Varicella)						recomme	months ended age for dose	age (wh been Childrer had (en 12 months of age through 12 years of ho have not had chickenpox or have not n previously vaccinated) need 1 dose. In 13 years of age or older (who have not chickenpox or have been prevsiously ited) need 2 doses given 4-8 weeks apart.				
Were you or your child born in a country where Hepatitis B is a common disease? If so, your child should be vaccinated against Hepatitis B right away, no matter his or her age. Don't wait until your child													

Talk to your health care provider about whether your child need other vaccines: hepatitis A, influenza, Lyme disease, or pneumococcal polysaccharide vaccine. Certain children are at risk for these diseases and need to immunized against them.

For additional information about vaccines, including precautions and contraindications for immunization and vaccine shortages, please visit the National Immunization Program Website at www.cdc.gov/nip or call the National Immunization Program Hotline at 800-232-2522 (English) or 800-232-0233 (Spanish)or 800-243-7889 (teletypewriter). Materials were adapted from the CDC Immunization Program.

reaches a certain age. Your child is at risk for this disease and needs protection now. Talk to your doctor.